

**QUANTIFYING THE UNCERTAINTY IN WIND POWER
PRODUCTION USING METEODYN WT**

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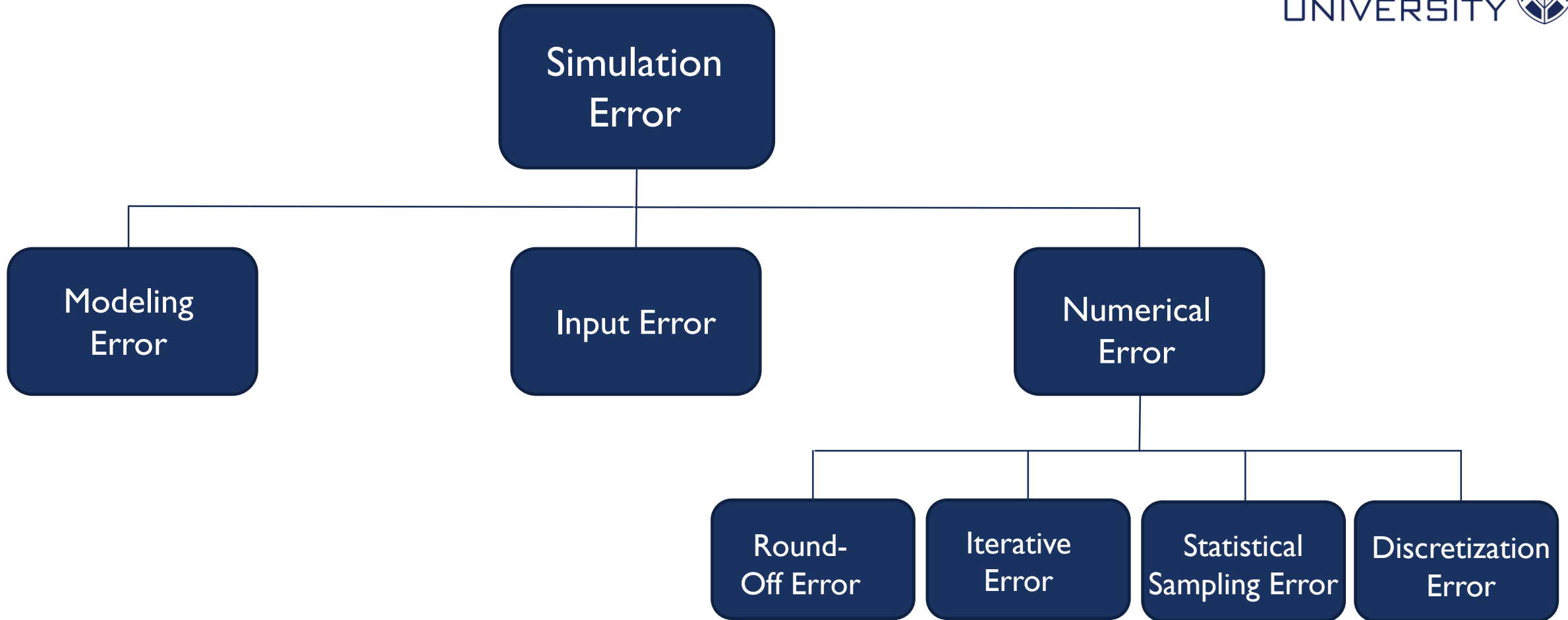
DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING
CLEAN ENERGY RESEARCH
ENERGY AND COMPUTATIONAL MODELING LAB



OBJECTIVES

- **Perform an Uncertainty Quantification in Wind Power Predictions from Meteodyn WT**
 - *Use Computation Resources available at the Energy and Computational Modeling (ECM) Lab.*
- **Determine:**
 - *Numerical Uncertainty in Wind Speed Prediction*
- **Quantify Total Uncertainty in Model Results**
 - *Velocity with 95% Confidence*

BACKGROUND



SOFTWARE



- Geographic Information System (GIS)
- Used to develop the elevation file

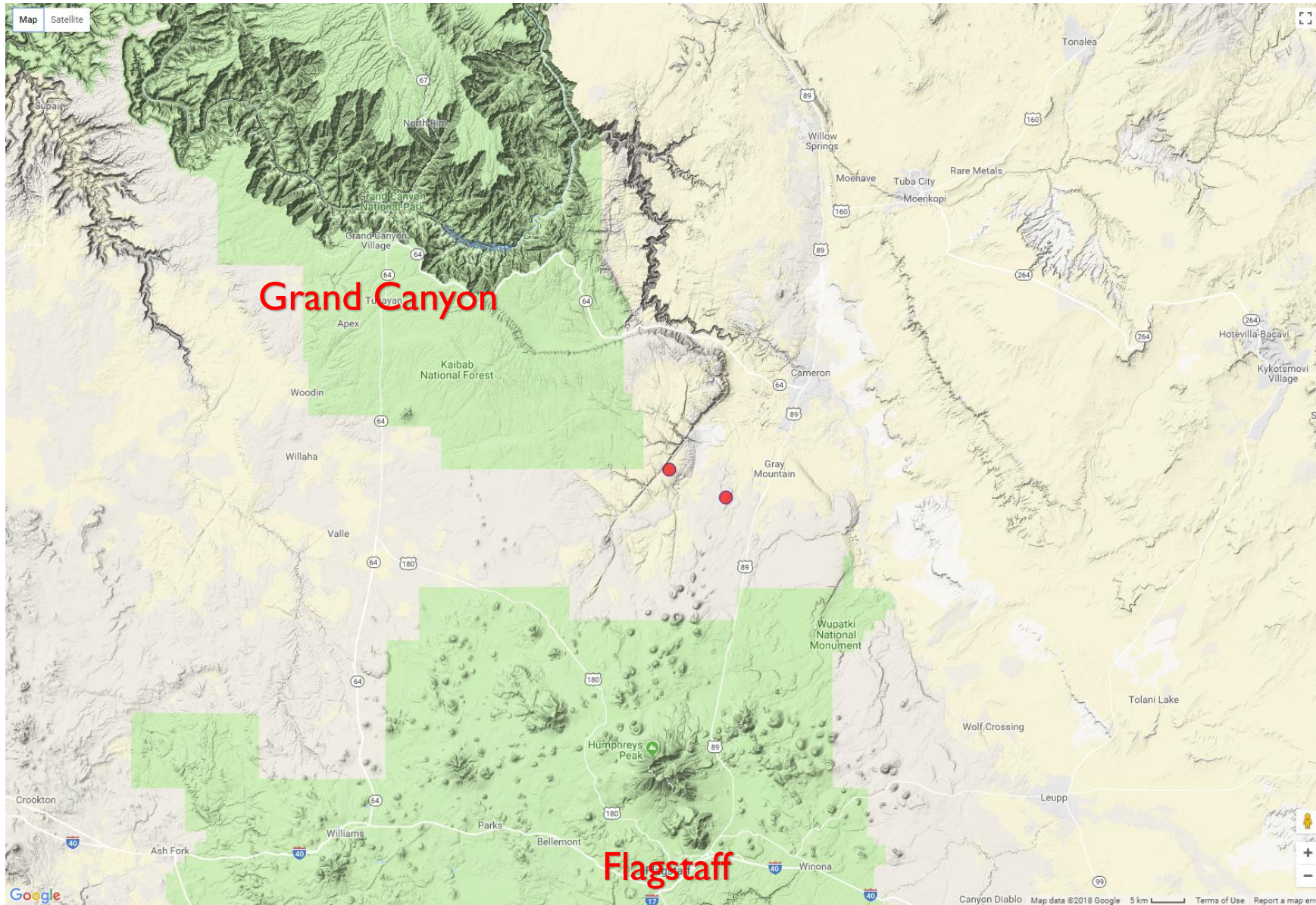


- Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) Software
- Solves the Nonlinear, Steady, incompressible, isothermal Reynolds Averaged Navier Stokes (RANS) equations.
- Uses a one-equation closure model

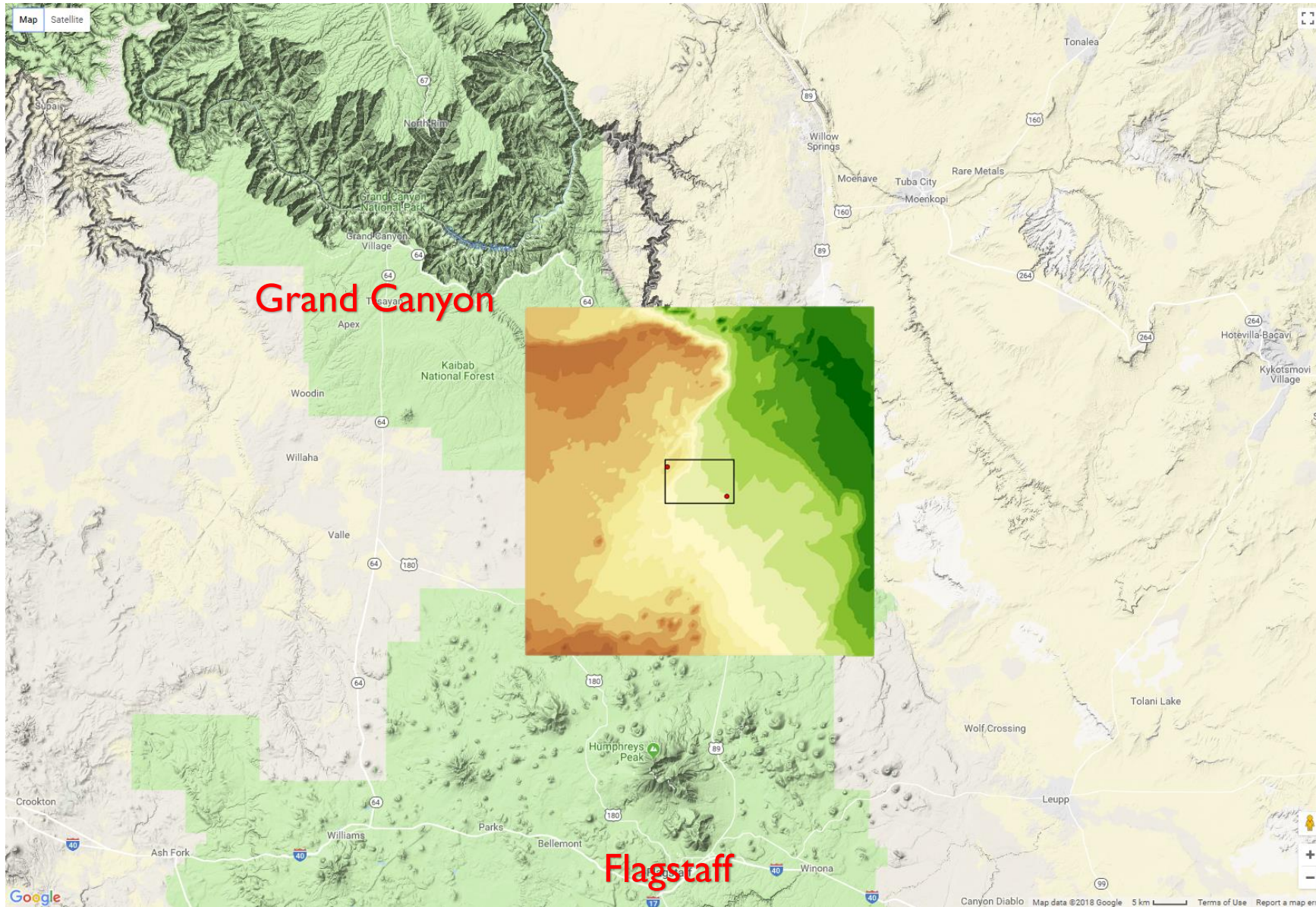


- Matrix Laboratory
- Used for data reduction and visualization

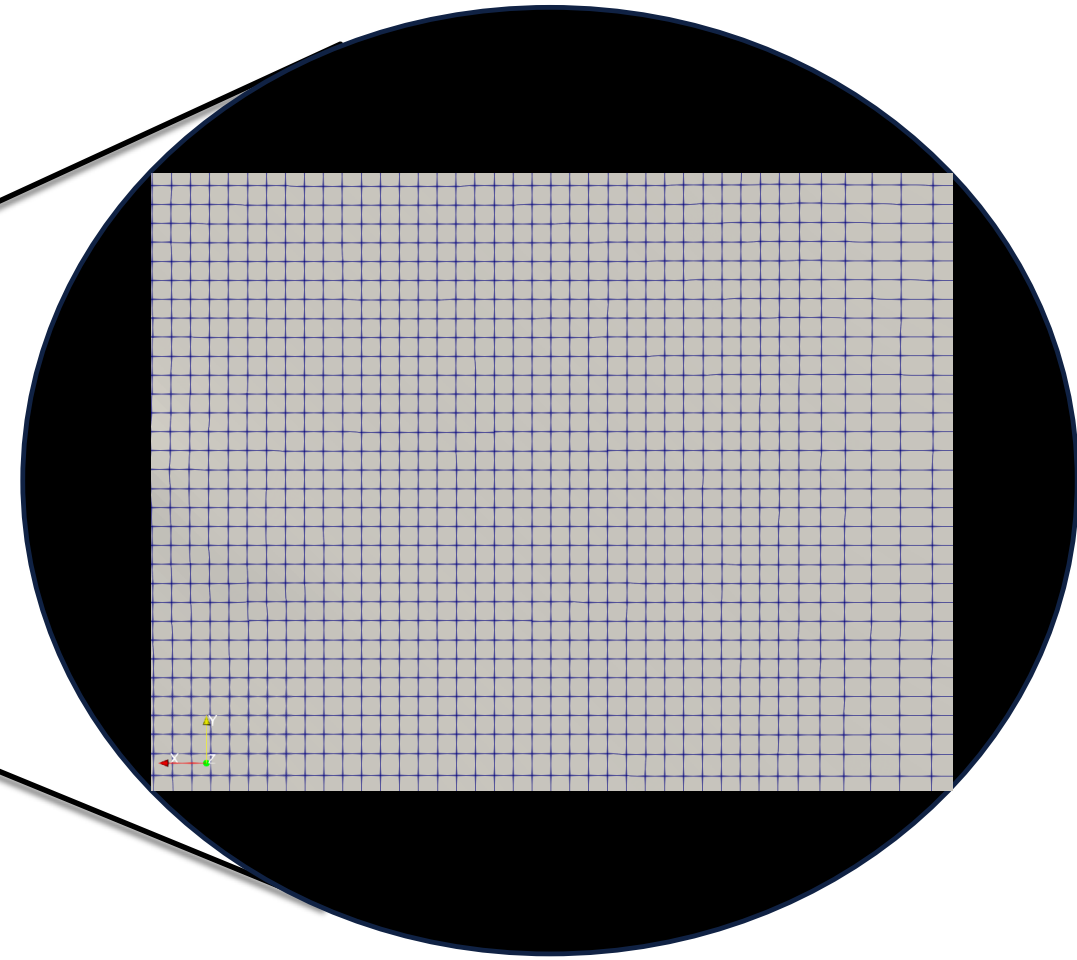
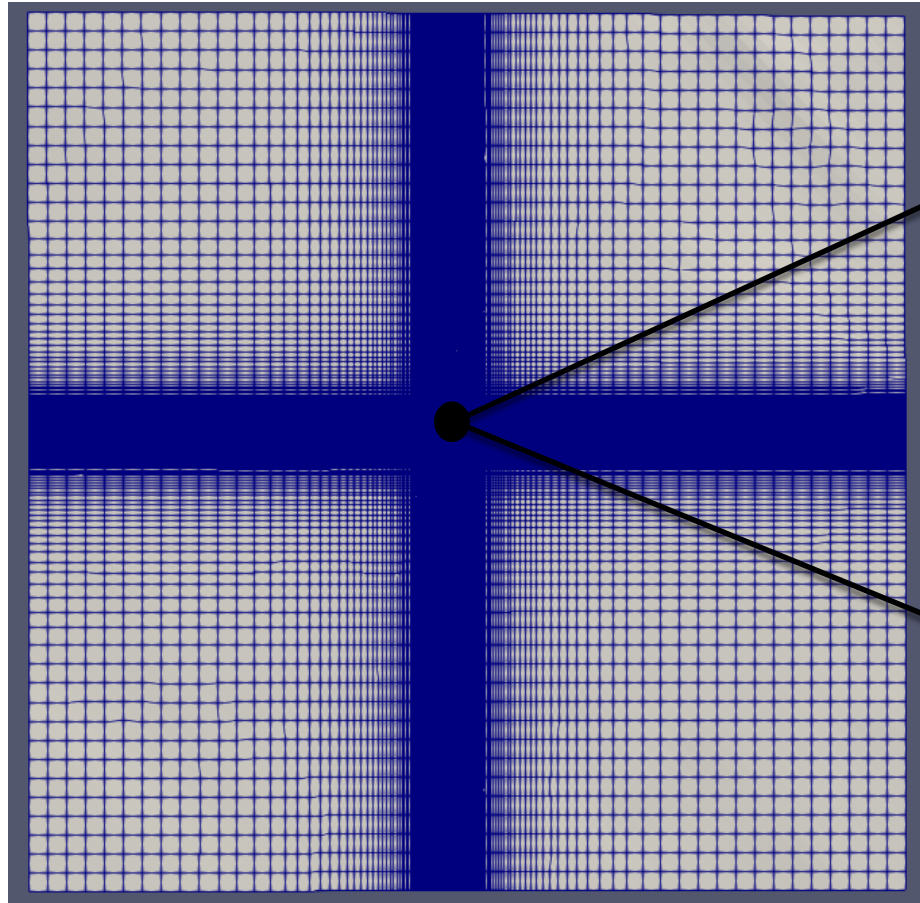
LOCATION



LOCATION



MESH

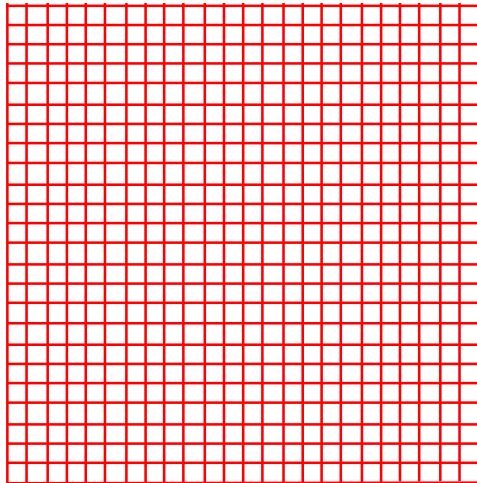


RICHARDSON EXTRAPOLATION

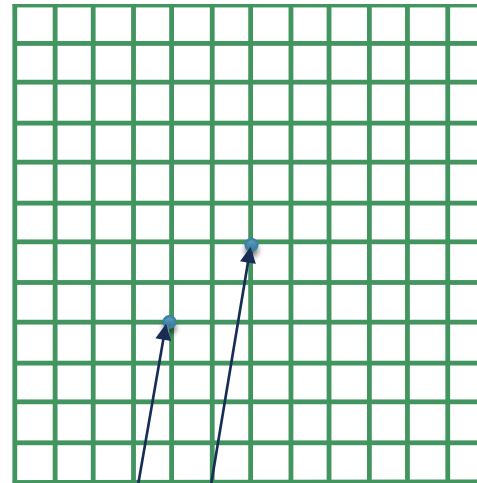
- 3 Systematically Refined Mesh's

- $\hat{p} = \frac{\ln(\frac{f_3-f_2}{f_2-f_1})}{\ln(r)}$

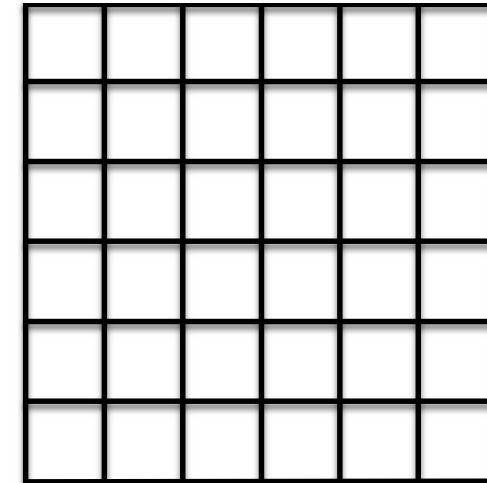
- $GCI = F_s \frac{|f_h-f_{rh}|}{r^{p-1}}$



Fine



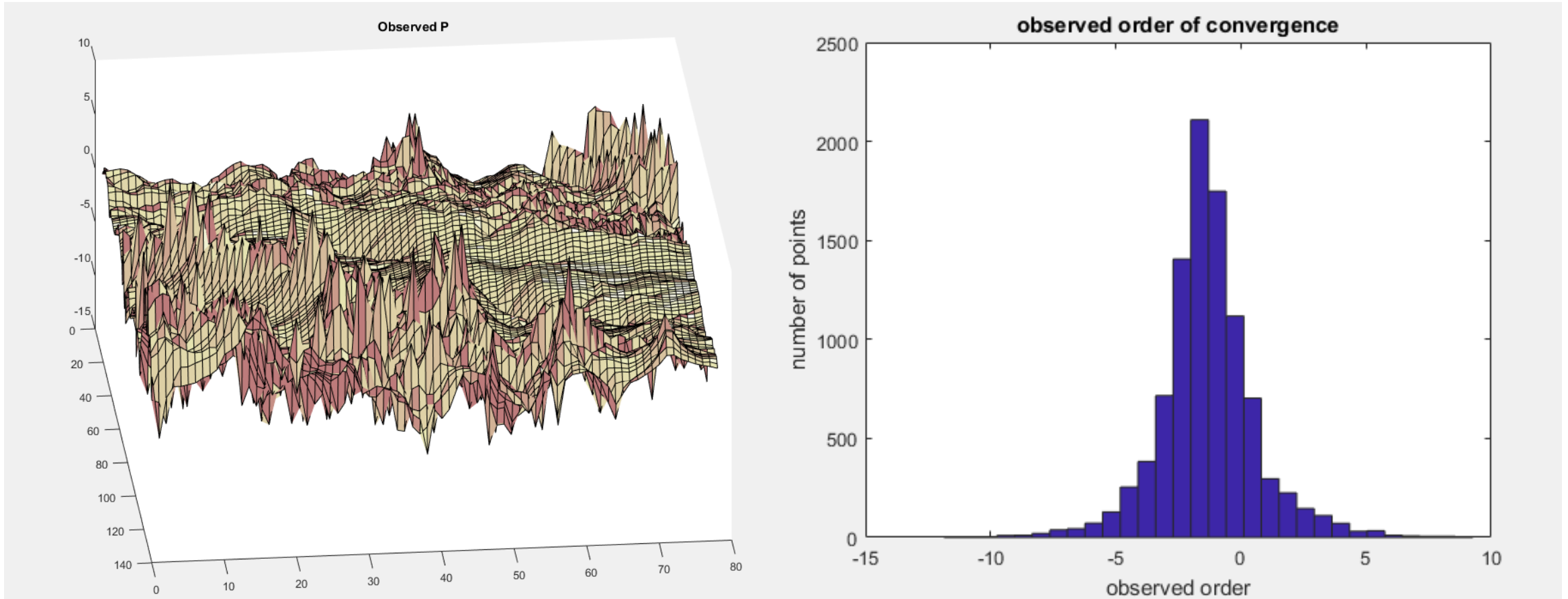
Med
Intersecting
Nodes



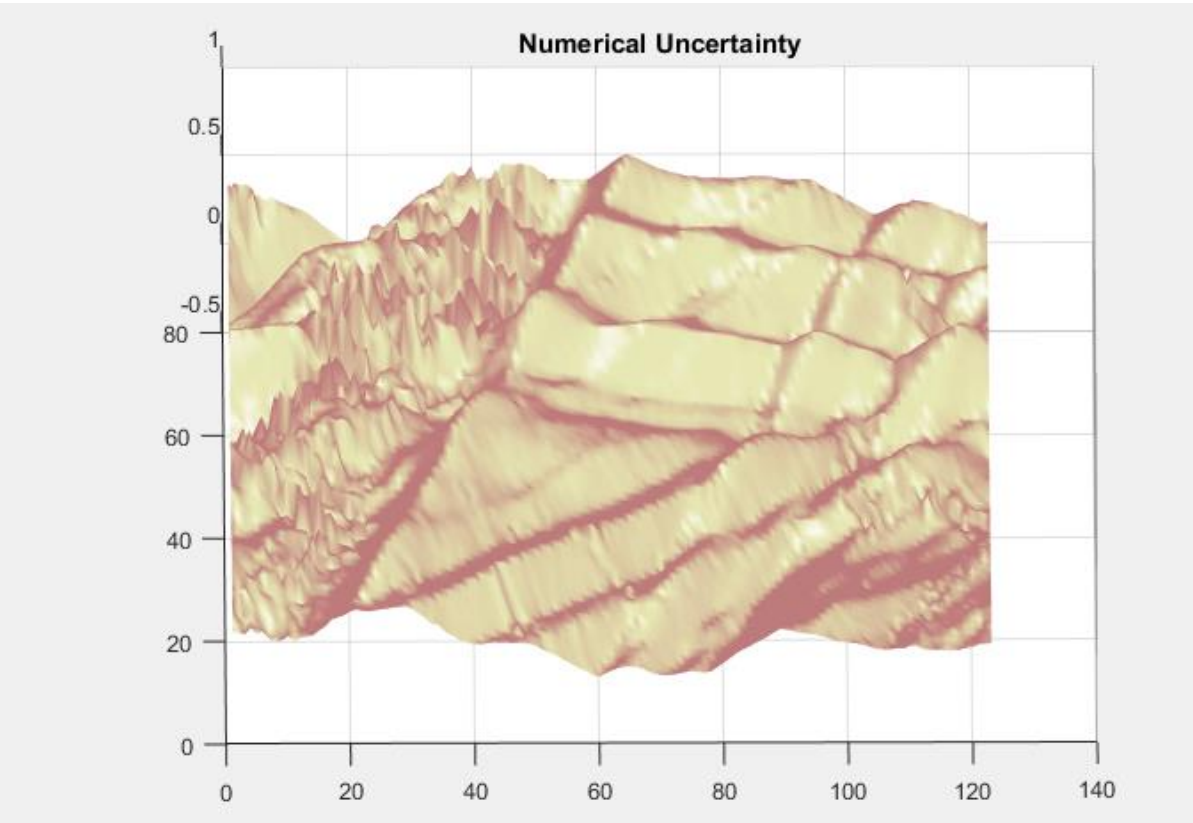
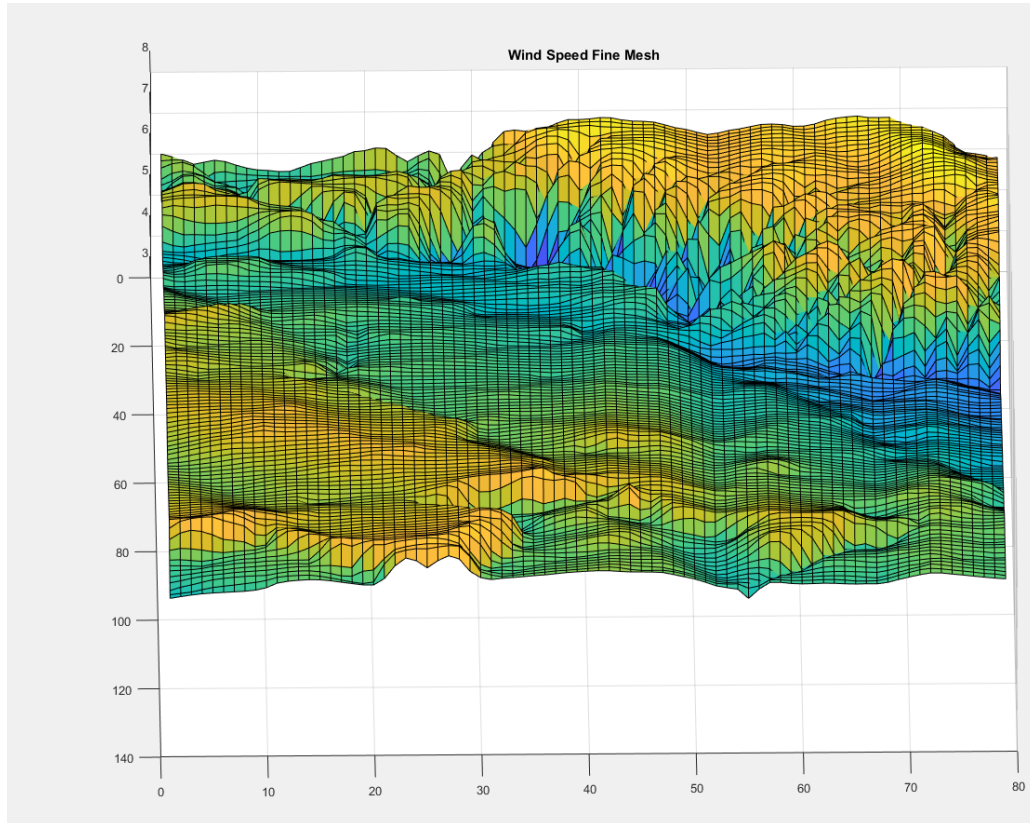
Course

SYNTHESIS RESULTS

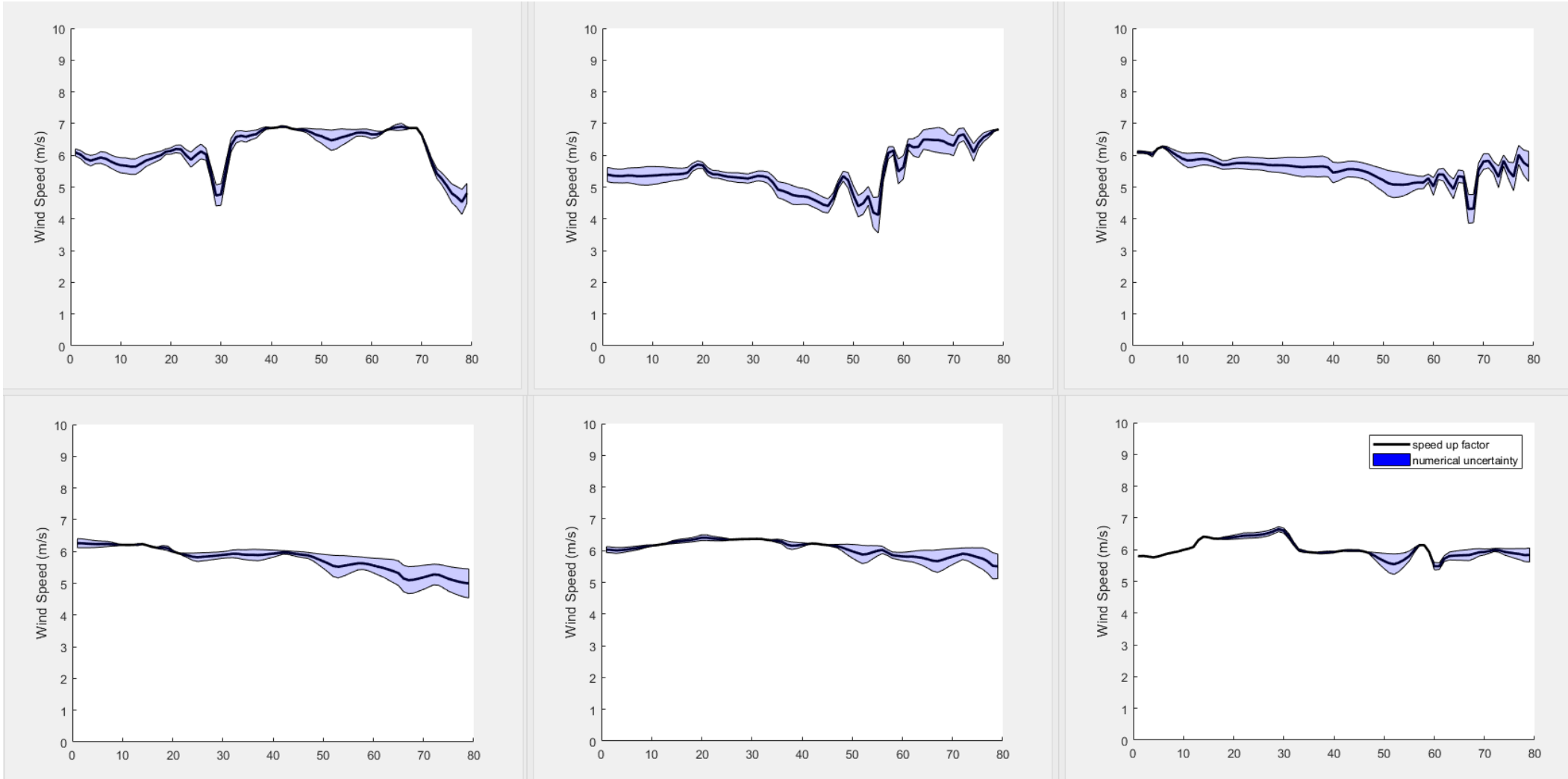
Average Order of convergence = -1.33



SYNTHESIS RESULTS



SYNTHESIS RESULTS



CONCLUSION

- A significant difference between the theoretical and observed order of convergence
 - Theoretical = 2
 - Observed = -1.33
- Not in the asymptotic range
 - Finer Mesh
- Iterative Error Influence
 - Increase the number of iterations

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- *Dr. Tom Acker*
 - *Energy and Computational Modeling (ECM) Lab*
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Questions?

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